

Photo by Boris Kauinun

JOAO HAVELANGE: WORLD FOOTBALL STANDARDS ADVANCE

Bulgaria, Brazil, Italy, the FRG and two Soviet teams have met at the Central Army Chib Sports Complex in Moscow to compete in the second international under-18 (notball tournament held in memory of Valentin Granatkin, first Vice-President of the International Fedetation of Football Association. This presents a good opportunity to prepare for the 1982 European championship and the 1983 world championship.

One Indication of the tournament's significance is that FIFA President Joan Havelange of Brazil attended the opening. Despite his very busy working schedule he took time out to discuss with newsmen, the forthcoming World Cup finals in

The President said on January 16 a draw would be made

In connection with the end of

its work and in accordance with

the Olympic Charter, the Organ-

izing Committee of the 1980

Olympic Cames in Moscow, which worked for over six years,

has announced that it has stopped its activities. The Commit-

tee, headed by the Vice-Chairman of the Council of Ministers

of the USSR Ignaty Novikov, di-

rected the work of 11,000 peo-

ple during the compelitions.

The 1980 Summer Olympic

Cames, despite the unprece-dented attempts of the US ad-

ministration to boycott it, proved

to be one of the most repre-sentative of the Games, 5,748 athletes, including 1,241 women, from 81 countries of five con-

tinents competed at sports arenas

n Moscow, Tallinn, Leningrad,

Kiev and Minsk. 1,245 referees

 $U \cap V$

ATTENTION.

ABROAD

DEAR READERS,

SUBSCRIBERS

from 77 countries serviced the

among the 21 finals entrants, 14 of them from Europe, Havelange supported the fact that the final pool was increased from 16 tenms to 24. According to him many teams of high standard emerged in the past few years, reflecting the big advances made in world (ootball

There is much debate now of improving the rules, and the President told the press conference that he believes the pre-sent rules are reliable and that In any event, there should be high judging standards in the linal games.

Asked by an "MNI" correspondent on his opinion of the Soviet side, the President repfied: it will not be surprising it the USSR ends up among the world's cight top sides, Soviet football, he stressed, has made striking progress.

Olympics-80 Organizing Committee completes its task

tournaments. The sporting level of Olympic competitions is seen

from the fact that 36 world and

74 Olympic records were set during the Games.

203 sets of models were awarded during the Olympics. The largest number went to Soviet athletes, who won 80 gold, 69 silver and 46 bronze medis.

Athletes, officials, politicians,

religious figures, paople prom-inent in art and culture and businessmen from 110 countries

visited Moscow during the Games, 671 officials, including

77 members of the International

Olympic Committee, 25 pra-aldents of international sports

federations and 68 presidents of

national Olympic Committees were present in Moscow during

the Olympics. It is interesting to

THE SPORTS WRITERS' **OLYMPICS**

Sports willers will hold their own world games similar to the Olympic games and Universiteds says a joint statement by spokesman for the Nice muni-cipal council and the local branch of the French sports writers trade union. The Prench Riviera will be the venue for the first such games scheduled for June 1-6, 1982, whose programme will feature athletics, swimming, cycling, windserfing, fudo, tennis, volleyball and foot-

According to organizers, entry is open to professional sports writers. Nearly 4,000 of them working for sports publications throughout the world will soon receive invitations.

Such competitions are expected to be held once in two years.

NICE GOES FOR TWO

Nice is intending to launch a bid to host both the 1992 winter and summer Olympics. The city deputy mayor Jacques Medesen, who made the announcement stressed this was the only such case in the history of the Olym-

He added that the French Olympic Committee showed interest in the Nice bid, while the 1968 Alpine skiing Olympic winner M. Gollschol has started putting together an Olympic file, concentrating on the winter

Medesen stressed Nice could quite fill the Olympic bill beterranean climate and only an hour's ride from there to the skiing tracks and

more than 4,000 translators of

41 languages.
5,615 journalists were accre-

dited at the Olympics-80. According to the leaders of the In-

ternational Association of Sports Writers, all necessary conditions

had been created for their work.

Television companies of 59

countries covered the Games

with the help of the Olympic TY Centre built specially for the occasion. About 1,500 million

people in 111 countries watched

the Games on television.



FIDE has named world champion Anatoly Karpov the chess player of the year, with Dutch Grandmaster Jan Timman in second place. The women's section is led by world titlist Maya Chiburdanidze.

WOULD SHE DO IT!

Swiss Alpine skier Erika Hess, 19, of Switzerland, was tipped to become the world's No. 1 after she had run up in the last World Cup to her compatriot Marie Terez Nadig. It seems the prediction was correct, with Hess having won her third stage, at Maribor, Yugoslavia, this season, and is now top of the Cup standings with 173 points. Second-placed Irene Epple, of the FRG, is trailing her with 139 points, and Christine Cooper, of the USA, is third with 109 points.

FOUR SKI JUMPS TOUR ENDS

Photo by Sergel Prosukov

Austrian Hubert Neuper won the fourth, closing stage of the international four ski jumps tour competition in Bischofshofen, Austria. Incidentally, he won two previous ski jumping com-

The Central Army Club have

downed Belgium's Hormanu 3—0 in a European Winners

Cup encounter in Moscow.

The overall winner Manfred Deckert, of the CDR, scored

951.4 points, followed by the Norwegians Roger Rund and Per Bergland, with 915.4 and 907.7 respectively. Neuper achieved sixth placing with 897.3 points.

The results count towards the World Cup, which Deckert presently leads.



Within several minutes this Soviet Niva car will set out on the Paris-Dakar run. Photo AP-TASS

PARIS-DAKAR

The Paris-Dakar rally, covering nearly 10,000 kilometres, set out on the first day of the new year, for the fourth time, a fact atteating to its growing popularity.

A huge armada of 400 cars,
trucks and motorcycles has entered this most forbidding race

Twelve new sports facilities were built specially for the Olympics. These include such unique structures as Europe's largest indoor stadium Olimacross Europe and Africa.
The POCH S.A. firm, which tells Soviet cars in France and happens to be one of the race organizers, fielded a French team driving Niva cross-country ve-hicles (Lada-2121). Altogether 17 piisky seating 30,000 people and the Yachting Centre in Tailinn. A total of 5,268,000 admission tickets, a record number in the history of the Games, were sold. Nivas and two Ladas are taking

part, and several Nivas are pro-viding medical support for the

Following . snow-covered Europe the racers will compete on speedy stretches running across arid sands, river fords and rocky areas. The organizers expect no more than a quarter of the field to finish in Daker, Senegal, on January 20.

> Vladimir DANILCHEV. Master of Sport, USSR team coach

note that only the Olympics-80 Organizing Committee employed Little or Walt

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Round the Soviet Union

ANOTHER STAGE ENDED IN THE INDUSTRIAL TESTS CONDUCTED ON THE SPORTS PLANE, KVANT, DESIGNED AT THE MOSCOW AVIATION INS-TITUTE. The latest test concluded with two world records broken in one flight. It took Kvant only 16 minutes and six seconds to reach the height of six thousand metres. Reaching another 550 metres, it set another record in height of horizontal flight. Both these records have been

The concerts will last for two months and will

leature about 700 amatour performers from the Extreme North. The programme will introduce many habits, games and traditions of the peoples in the North and acquaint the audiences with

in the photo: performing are amaleur artists from

Photo by A. Zemyanichenko 194

M. Thatcher will be paying an official visit to China this Sep-

tember, H. Atkins, Lord Privy Seal and Under-Secretary of State for Foreign and Common-

Affairs, recently an-

① The Brilish

their high cultural standards.

registered with the international Aeronautical Federation.

• IN THE SETTLEMENT OF

KUBJA, ESTONIA, THE FIRST PA-TIENTS HAVE ATTENDED THE RURAL HOSPITAL COMPLEX. Buill amidst a pine forest, the complex includes the most ad-vanced instruments and equip-ment and has a highly skilled

IN ASHKHABAD, THE CAPI-DREN'S philharmonic, the first in the republic, has opened. Mombers include ensembles of dancers, violinists, dutar-players, and many others. Children in Turkmenia are able to attend classes at 90 schools of art, music and other artistic schools.

SITUATION IN POLAND

Warsaw. J. Obodowski, Vica-Chairman of the Polish Council of Ministers, and T. Niestorowicz, Minister for Foreign Trade, addressed a press conference arranged here for foreign journalists and dealt with the nalists and dealt with present state of the Polish есоновну.

J. Obodowski disclosed certain data testifying to the culs in the country's economic rate of devolopment and emphasized that the introduction of martial law was necessary to stop further negative processes taking place in the national economy.

Facts were also provided revealing that certain Western countries were attempting to pressurize Poland by curtailing economic and financial coopera-

J. Obodowski specifically said that Western banks denied Po-land credits worth 350 million dollars, which are necessary to cover urgent payments in ex-ternal debts, in connection with Western discrimination measures the Polish mass medistates that implying this brazen economic and psychological aggression, imperialist circles intend to aggravate the socio-economic difficulties experionced by Poland and to disrupt supplies to the popula-

There is nothing new in the US policies towards Poland, stresses the newspaper "Zolniers Wolnosci". the Americans have resorted to similar measures several times. Such measures do not only undermine Polish-American relations, but affect the material standards of Polish (amilies, adds "Dziennik Ludowy". Reagan's position can only be estimated as interference in Polish Internal af-

from nine countries, will gain a 200-million-dollar budget this year. According to the Egyptian FACTS and EVENTS foreign ministry, the USA will contribute 120 million and Egypt and Israel will each pro-

The USSR Exhibition of Economic Achieve-

ments in Moscow is now the venue for a review

of folk art of the Northern peoples dedicated to the 60th enniversary of the founding of the

The Magadan Region was the first to present

a show, their programme included Chukchi, Eskimo and Evenki song and dance ensambles

and a puppet group from the Magadan Snezhny House of Culture.

The state of the s

vide 40 million.

has decided to provide finan-cial assistance worth 23,000,000 kronor (4,100,000 dollars) this year to South Africa's banned African National Congress.

force", which is expected ic include military



Talks took place in Moscow between Andrel Gromyko, USSR Minisler of Foreign Affairs, and Józef Czyrek, Polish Foreign Minister. In the photo: during the meeting.

PLOT FOILED

Managua. The government se-curity agencies in Nicaragua un-covered a counier-revolutionary plot, with links in Henduras, Costa Rica and other countries. The Nicaraguan Ministry of the Interior reported the plotters planned a series of terrorist actions, including explosions designed to inactivate Nicaragua's major industries, especially a cement factory and an oil reftnery, and also attempts on the lives of Niceragua's revolutionary leaders.

The ministry reports the arrests of a group of twelve mercenaries sent from Honduras to carry out these plans. Among them are mercenaries from South and Central America. During the arrests, acros, time bombs, and large quantities of dynamite were selved.

The investigation has revealed that the group belongs to the Costa Rica-based counter-revolutionary organizations, the Nicaraguan democratic union and the revolutionary armed forces of Nicaragua lod by supporters of the Somoza regime, who fled the country following the revolu-

O Japan supplies 20 per cent of all cars to the American mar-ket, 30 per cent of letevision sets, 50 per cent of tape recorders, and 90 per cent of all the motor-bikes marketed in the United States last year.

A MEETING WITH SOVIET MASTERS

Magadan.

"I wish you and the countries you represent happiness and clear skies," said Sergel Obrazisov. Manager and Chief Director of the State Central Puppet Theatre, addressing foreign journalists accredited in Moscow who gethered for a meeting held at the USSR Ministry of Foreign Alfairs sions, jointly organized with the USSR Ministry of Culture, designed to introduce the cultitanding masters of the Soviet liteatro.

Foreign audiences know we'll both the Central Puppet Theatre and its founder, who has stood at its head for the past 50 years. This comstood at its head for the past 50 years. This company has toured more than 35 countries, everywhere the Obrazisov puppets spoke the native language of the country and were a tremendous success. During the meeting, Sarget Obrazisov told the journalists of his profession and performed his favourite concert pieces and spoke regarding his plans for the future. Ho wishes to show to present day Muscovites the city as it was at the beginning of the century, to stage a performance for grown-ups called "The Nervous Are Asked to Leave" which will indicate the fashion for horrors in literature, the Channe Nervous Are Asked to Leave which will release the fashion for horrors in liferature, the Cinquist and the theatre, and for make a film for television. "Tomotrow is Too Late", concerning environmental protection. Meanwhile his book, "I've Been Playing With Dolla All My Life", is being printed and his other book, "The Relay of the Aris", will soon appear in a second edition,



Serge: Obrazisov and Tyapa, with whom he never parts, and who accompanied Obrazisov to all the five confinents on carth. Photo by Itya Grekibovsky

This year the organizers of the series of meetings with art workers hope to arrange similar discussions with actors from the Moscow Art Theatre, the Bolshoi Theatre and the only Circus School in this country. The wishes of foreign journalists will also been considered.

C. CHEYSSON: CAMP DAVID IS DEAD!

London. The policies of West European countries in the Middle East should be independent from the American buc in this region. said the French Minister Foreign Affairs C. Cheysson, In an interview to London's "Observer" he said. Western Europe cannot art hand in hand with the Americans, since its view of the situation in the Middle East differs greatly from that of the

The French Minister further spurned the persistent attempts by the United States to stick to the Camp David accords as it was a positive approach to a Moldle

CRISIS IN HAITI

Paris. Hoiti's Army and Air Force have been put on full alort, following reports of a possible coastal landing by opposing groups, intending to overthrow the dictatorial Duvaller regime. The France-Piesse agency, quoting official American sources from Miami, reports that a group of about 40 Haitians opposed to the regime travellad to an undisclosed destination following their departure from the Turks and

Calcus islands in the Caribbean 150 kilometres north of Haith The news agency claims the American authorities have in structed the coast guard stationed near the Haiting coast to closely observe future develop-

position towards the Palestinians

The French minister has also

noted the need for an end to the

israeli encroaciments on Leba-

French television stated the serious political crisis in liaiti crupted late last year, after an attempt was made on the dictator's life, on December 20.

MORE LIGHT ON SEYCHELLES COUP

Paris. French increenary Bob Denard, notorious for his crimes against independent African countries. was involved in the sbortive coup to topple the Seychelles government underlaken by foreign mercenaries on the night of November 26, contends the Paris-based "Afrique-Asie" magazino quoting reports from the Comores where Depart is now residing. According to the magazine, a

POPULAR RALLIES BACK GHANA'S NEW REGIME

Akkra. The Provisional Counril of National Defence, which recently established the new regime in Ghana, has attained popular backing. Over 500,000 workers, civil servants and rural

and carrying a hundred merce-naries from South Africa, the USA, Britain and other Western countries, posing as sportsmen, stopped over at Moroni: Comores copital, where crates described as "gifts for ailing children" were taken aboard, After the coup failed, the crates were found to contain weapons for the

plane belonging to Swazi Air

dwellers took part to meeting that supported the new council moves, intending to weed out corruption and the abuse of power rile under the former



Drawing by Vsevolod Assenyev

MASS PROTESTS IN SUDAN

Belrut. Protest movements are growing in Sudan against unpopular external and internal policies pursued by the Nimeiri

The newspaper "Al-Safir" reports more than 15 thousand of Kosti, and another six thouse ple demonstrated in the city and held protests in Wad Medani. Sudan's second largest city. The newspaper continues that the Sudanese authorities sent in army units to disperse the demonstrators. In the clashes that followed one person was killed and two others wounded, a policeman was also

Injured.

Paris. Due to the serious character of unrest, the Sudanese authorities closed all higher education and specialized se condary facilities in the capital and suspended school and college classes in central and the northern provinces, France-

Presse reports from Khartoum. The newspaper "Libération" notes "the international Monetary Fund holds a knife to Nimoiri's throat", demanding a reduction in the budget deficit by devaluating the Sudanese pound, rising prices, and withdrawing governmental subsidies from foodstuffs and other basic

QUOTATION OF THE DAY

"The hypocrisy shown towards the Polish developments is sickening. It started with people, describing every strike in our country as a crime against freedom and democracy and highlighting every reported strike in Poland out of proportion, Let us admit now that many people in the West were looking forward to bloody clashes erupting since force always breeds force."

Henri NANNEN, 'Stern' magazine Editor-in-Chief

VIEWPOINT

Edgar CHEPOROV

THE BASIS OF SECURITY

li we place a political statement in the context of the policy, conducted by the man who made the statement, then the true substance of it becomes clear. In his meeting late lest year with the Pontifical Academy scholars. President Reagan efused to admit that nuclear wat was unwinned, while the was unwinned, while the scholars tought to impress on thin the gravity of such a war. They specifically strasted that only one inequalons bomb exploding over Washington would render it impossible to provide medical help to any of the 300.000 people seriously injured as a rapid.

as a resulf.

EHII such wernings failed to convince the president, just as he was not convinced by a host of other equally forceful arguments from scientists, from the military and from politicians, since they are at variance with the thrust of the nuclear strategy now expounded by Washington. This strategy hinges on the belief that victory in a nuclear war is

That Washington actually thinks along these lines has been proved by both the words and actions of its leaders. The idea of the first preventive notorious "Directive No. 59", Vice-President George Bush specified this directive stressing the need for the survival of the command structure, of Industrial potential and of a percentage of residents. It appears that Washington would be quite con-tented it only live per cent of US citizens survived.

Such is the context Reagan's refusal to admit that no country would be victorious in a nuclear war. This refusal explains the wish to load Western Europe with new missile weapons and carry out this "rearmament" despite the Sovisi-American talks recently taking place in Geneva. The refusel also explains the gist of the

possible and that the USA will statement by American leaders take the upper hand in such an on the possibility of a "limited" nuclear warfare in Europe, and the US right to carry out a "demonstrative" nuclear strike against the USSR and the use of neutron weapons in war

An indispensable elements of this policy is the record-high growth in U5 military spending to date — over 1,500,000 million dollars have been allocated for US future military needs between 1983 and 1987.

Moscow follows quite a different policy, as is the context of statements made by Soviet leaders. We have always believed that II is lunacy to depend on victory during a nuclear war. Such a war could only result in universal disaster and all sides would be losers. To deliver its own people and entire manking from the nuclear threat, the Soviet Union Jaun-ched a series of Important peaceful initiatives, among them declaration, "To Prevent a

Nuclear Catastrophe", recently approved by the UN General Assembly, declaring the first use of nuclear weapons as most atroclous crime against humanity.

The USSR and the USA should primarily facus on disarmament. Apart from the talks on limiting and_reducing_nuclear_armaments in Europe there is the crucial goal of limiting and cutting back strategic armaments, since they are the most powerful and there fore the most dangerous. The Soviet Union is ready to resume such talks, since we believe that such falks and a renewal of trust and better relations beiween our countries in general benefit all including USA.

US national security should noi reiv on winning a nuclear war, but on confroiling the a race and adverting to policies of delente. One indication of this was a recent public opinior poll jointly conducted by AP and NBC, in which practically and NBC, in which practically every other American questioned claimed that high-placed administration officials, including President Reagan himself, owerspaculate on the possibility of using nuclear weapons. Nearly 50 per cent of the polled stressed that such beliggerent statements only increased the threat of nuclear war. The poll was another indication revealing that Americans balleys the that Americans balleys the Reagen administration's prima goal should be to conduct disarmament talks with the Soviet Union and not booster muclear weapon stockpiles.

BLOCKADE LIFTED

Madrid. The Spanish government agreed to lift its blockade on the Gibraltar and hold meetings with London concorning infterences connected with the tuture of this British colony. The meetings will be attended the two countries' loreign ministers and are scheduled for April 20 in Lisbon, chairman of the Spanish government L. Cal-vo Sotelo told a press conterence here. He added that in exchange for the litting of the blockade imposed back in 1969 after a disagreement between Spain and Britain, the latter has agreed to stop its discriminatory practices against the Spanish workers employed in Gibraltar's factories and military facilities.

FACTS and EVENTS

O President A. A. Salek of the Yemeni Arab Republic, ordered that the PLO office in Sana be granted the status of a diplomatic mission.

More than 100 cylinders containing poisonous refuse from chemical industries have been discovered near the West Ger man city of Unna in the North Rhine area of Westphalis. The cylinders were buried a few years ago by the owners of chemical factories based in the

The Israeli authorities are selling 50 buildings in the occupied eastern Jerusalem, which earlier housed foreign embassies that were vacated last May Ir protest over the Israeli annexa-tion of this part of the city.

O Israel is planning to triple the number of its military settle ments, and set up a chain of in the occupied Syrian Golan Heights. According to Israeli TV another 20,000 Israelis will settle in the Golan Heights.

 ○ 264 people were arrested in Iran in the past three weeks suspected of counter-revolution nary activities.

ATROCITIES IN CHILE

Lima. Many people were de-tained in the Chilean capital, charged with having dared to seek a "constitutional solution" to the current domestic situa tion within the framework of Pinochet's "new order". Eugonio Diaz Corvalán was among the arrested, he was one of the 24 lawyers who drew up their own version for a Chilean con stitution prior to last year's

For some time he was classed as "missing", but several days ago. the authorities informed his relatives that he was held in detention. When they finally learned of his whereabouts it was too late: E. Diaz had already been tortured to death. other political prisoners.

FRANCE CUTS SPANISH IMPORTS

Madrid. French customs of ficials are taking resolute stops towards restricting Spanish food imports to France. According to the newspaper, "BI Pala", a list of 25 food items has been banned from import. These include all types of tinned food, baked bread and vegetable oils.

The newspaper connects these French measures with outbreaks of the disease caused by the use of poisoned food outs. The ministry of health and consumption says, that this disease has already dismaddlesses has already dismaddlesses. more than 230 victims,

THE WORLD

FACTS and EVENTS

O In 1981, Cuba entered the world's seven largest exporters of citrus fruit. Last year, it grew 445 thousand tonnes of grapefruit, oranges, tangerines and other fruits, 250 thousand tonnes of which were exported-a 21 per cent increase from 1980.

O Official statistics puts the number of centenarians in Finland at 123, of whom 100 are women. The oldest person in Finland, whose total population numbers 4.7 millions, celebrated his 109th birthday last October

TERROR CAMPAIGN AGAINST

COLOURED PEOPLE

Stockholm. "The hunting season has opened. Five krone for every black killed," say letters recently received by

T.D. Glessi, chairman of the

African association in Scandi-

Commenting on these threats, the newspaper "Stockholms-Tidningen" writes that members of the African association In Scandinavia are constantly threatened with physical repri-sals and are subjected to explicit blackmail. It declares that the threats of Swedish racists concern not only Africans, but immigrants from other countries

as Well. The members from the Bible Rosearch organization distributed leaflers with swantikas that displayed the slogan 'Fight for the purity of the race".

PEOPLE

American Giovanni Vigilotto of Italian descent has 83 wives, living in Canada, Italy and Hong Kong. The 52-year-old Viglio practised polygamy because he intended to get rich quick. Each time he married, he left his new wife, taking her savings with him. The authorities have finally caught up with the comman in Florida, where he unwittingly proposed to a plain-clothe policewoman.

Derek Dowset, the director of a British record company, made sensational trip in a balloon. During the lour-mile flight at the height of a thousand teet, Mr Derek stood on top of the balloon's envelope. He did this to arouse public attention, so as to collect charity money for the construction of a hospital.

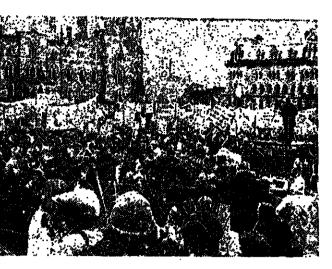
NARCOTICS VIA A PETROL TANK

rian capital, Vienna. firm delivered nercotics Pakistan to Britain.

THAI CAPITAL'S

on April 4-21.

MN INFORMATION No. 4, 1982



"Ban the N-Bomb" and "Teace Is Everyone's Concern", were slogens displayed at a mass anti-war demonstration in Ottawa. A wide section of Canada's population took part in the railies, meetings, demonstrations and discussions by peace champions opposing the arms race and advocating disarmament.

Science and technology

GAS FROM WASTE

Japanese scientists from Ryn

kvu University have bred bac-

toria capable of producing me-

ACUPUNCTURE IS 2,500 YEARS OLD

More than 2,500 years ago, Chinese declors used acu-puncture to treat various diseas-es. This conclusion was made by Two Japanese firms are preparstaff members of the centre for the study of the history of Chinese medicine located in Xian. Shanzi Province. This was established after examining a bronzo medical needlo found during a recent excavation. This 4.6-cm long needle was made at the time of the warring states between 475 and 221 B.C. Its sharp point was used for acutomcture treatment, and the other end formed rounder blade which was handy during minor surgical

FREIGHT AIRSHIP

operations.

A British firm have successfully Due to the specific arrangement easy to control.

ing to apply this new process proposed by the scientists.

IN SEARCH OF THE ANCIENT MARINE ROUTES

The Indian Academy of Sciences sent an expedition to the south of the country to determine As is clear from American press reports, the government of general Zia ul-Hug has agreed to make its territory the routes taken by ancient seamen. After studying numerous available to the Penlagon's rapid deployment force in exlogbooks and archive documents change for shipments of modern weapons. from the United the scientists concluded that in States. It is planned to set up haval—bases—and witholds on the distant past trade was great the coast of the Indian occur. ly practised in the coastal waters off the South-Asian subcontinent This dangerous wend in US-Pakislani, conperation cannot but cause natural and well-grounded concern in neighboring countries, the newspaper believes. SOCIAL CUTS IN USA The mounting arms race in the United States has a

CANADA RATES TENTH IN ARMS SALES

Oltawa, Canadian firms amass

London, Customs officials in the city of Doves discovered 750 kilogrammes of marijuana stored in the petrol tank of a lorry belonging to the haulage ther lorry belonging to Lit-win was detained in the Aust-Times" reports that Litwin's

BICENTENNIAL

Rattanakosin forms the his lorical abbreviation for Bangkok, which is used in full on very special occasions and consists of 18 words. Its rough translation means the "location of the eme-rald Buddha". The word is now commonplace

since the That capital is celebrotting its bicentennial. The feslivities are already well underway and will reach their climax

It is difficult to have an undis-

torted picture of Canada's mil-

ilary hardware sales, since the

Canadian government lists many types of military products

The expedition, including several divers will explore the putative dingion, which can develop a cruising speed of 90 km/h, lift two tonnes of cargo and remain two tonnes of cargo and remain of Bombay, G.a, Kesaragod and the coast of Bombay, in the air for 10 to 20 hours. other ports. The expedition will but to the specific arrangement enter the data they hope to gain of engines the airship is very into their history on Indian na-

fortunes through the sales of arms and military technology to repressive regimes, reports the Canadian magazine "Today". The article draws attention to this less advertized

The magazine states Canada is the tenth largest arms manufacturer in the world. However,

This presents the 80th world cruise by the four-master framing ship "Juan Sebastian files-no" of the Spanish Navy.

Photo HFE-T ASS

many types of military products as non-war goods. One of these are gas turbojet engines produced in Canada by the multi-national Pratt and Whitney Corp. These engines are used in israeli-built IAI-201 Arava planes, which the Salvadoran unta employs in its military

operations. The engines were also adopted by the armies of Gustemala: Honduras and South OF INTEREST Beware, furkeys!

The their of 430 luckeys from

Rent, a county in Britain, mised a real ballyhoo. The police are searching for the thieves, and the farmer warned against ealing the turkey moot. The birds were fed with products combining toxic chemicals, causing grave illness to any un-

To parliament by bicycle

Ai the recent elections for on giving permission for erective Belgian parliament, eight ing the 2,3-metres high and members were elected for their seven tonics status in Central conservation policies, Park, the inhabitants of Los An-

Proving that they meant bustness, aller making their elector-el pledges, live of them rode bloycles to the first parliamen-tory meeting. This vehicle, they lold fournalists, does not politic the environment and saves energy.

growth in the cost of living.

TICS. IDEOLOGY.

Who can set up J. Lennon firstl

Los Angeles won the right to pul up the bronzo sculpture of John Langon, one of the mem-bers of the lamous British Regiles group. While the New York authorities were contemplating

geles, California, had already set up their monument, it was in New York that Lennon was mut dered, by a deluded gumman.

Bolt from the blue

FROM the SOVIET PRESS

The Soviet EKONOMICHESKAYA GAZETA describes the

attitude of the US administration to the current events in

Poland as "another example of duplicity and hypocity".

The paper recalls that in August 1980, when counter-revolution raised its head in Poland, the US administration all

of a sudden showed concern for the Polish people, urging

its allies to give credits to Poland, to sell grain and neces-

saties and advocated non-interference in that country's do-

mestic aliairs. But when Poland's legitimate government de-

cided to curb the counter-revolution, and the process of normulization started in that country, the president of the United States halted the sale of food to Poland and sus-

The newspaper recalls in this connection that in the pusi, the USA used food as a tool for blackmall and pressure when striving to establish its domination in other countries.

When, for example, Arbenz Guzman, a candidate of the tev-

olutionary Action Pariy, scored a victory at the elections of

1951 in Guatemala, and his government carried out a number of progressive reforms, the USA started a loost

blockade on the country and halted the delivery of lood al-

ready pull for. After the Cuban people headed by Fidel Castro overtizes the lascist dictatorship, the USA staked on

stilling the country with hunger. This is how Washington

answered Chile during the popular unity bloc, and the de-

mocratic reforms of Iran and Nichragua through the termina-

After the collapse of the shah regime in Iran the Wush-

inaton administration has staked heavily on the military to

gime in Pukistan, the newspaper SOTSIALISTICHESKAYA

INDUSTRIYA writes, Indications show it has made a signifi-

cant choice. In exchange for 3,200 million dollars in military

and economic aid promised by the United States, the Pakis

tant authorities have allowed the Penlagon to do virtually what it picases on the territory of Pakisian, Specifically, the

United States is going to set up a network of radar stations on the border with Alghanistan, which can be used for elec-

The newspaper notes that Pakistan has been assigned an

unguinty tole in the Pentagon's plans. First of all, overseon

strategists are using Pakistant territory as a place-d'armes

for an undeclared war against the Democratic Republic of

harmitil effect on people's well-heing. The curtailment of so-cial effections undertaken by the Reagan administration is already left, affecting the living standards of ordinary Ame-ricans, writes the Soviet journal USA: ECONOMICS, POLI-

It recalls that the reduction in federal spending was ad-

vanced by the new administration as one of the key provisions

vances by the new administration as one of the key provision of its economic programme. The policy of reducing the budger will affect about 250 tederal programmes kunnched from October I last year, saving more than 40,000 million dollars this year gione at the expense of the working people. The cuts will be even greater in the following years.

Nearly 18 million civil servants, the largest calegory of hired employees, were the first to feel the consequences of

the budger cuts, the article slates. The relling on the rise of

salaries set at 4.8 per cent a year is much lower than the

Persons with the so-coiled fixed facome will be hit har-

dest. This calegory includes pensioners, especially those who had to retire before the retirement age of 65, due to the

tionle surveillance against India and the Soviet Union.

COOPERATION THAT CAUSES CONCERN

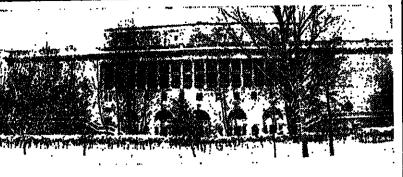
EXAMPLE OF HYPOCRISY

pended the agreements concluded earlier.

tion of land supplies.

Quile unexpeciedly, an addi-tional course, that illerally come like a boil from the bive, was added to the breakfast of a lamily: living in the Japanese olly of Kemigawa (Chiba Prefective). Big lumps of ice on to 20 cm in dismeler. Indving ploreed the rool in several places, dropped stigight rinto the table. stinight onto the table. a huge block of ice had broken off the lubelage of an attilizer, as it landed at North International Auport, not lar away.

MOSFILM



Mosfilm building

The Soviet largest Mosfilm Studies was established in 1924. In 1927, the cornersions was faid near the village of Polylikha on the Verobyevy Hills (now Lenin Hills), marking the first buildings used as the future centro of the first buildings used as the future centro of the film industry. The industry's founding and growth are attributed to the names of the makers.

The studies produces 40 full-length feature.

Solovyov, "The Autumn Marathon" by Georgi Daneliya, "Several Days from the Life of Daneliya, "Several Days from t masters of Sovial cinema, Sergel Eisenstein. The studios produces 40 full-length feature Vsevolod Pudovkin, and Alexander Dovzheu- films a year on such a variety of subjects

Mosfilm today forms a large town spread over an area of 54 bectares and containing a "population" of 5,000 people. This town includes production buildings,

13 filming pavillons, specialized workshops, 23 production areas, several laboratories, international festivals during recent years recording atellers, a 'reference" hall for were "The Ascent" by Larisa Shepitko, recording music with a multichannel stereo Hundred Days After Childhood" by Serget

as suspense stories, musicals, sports films, comedies, and inclodramas,

Demonding juries and audiences at rep resentative film forums have often heavily applanded Mosfilm productions, Among those acclaimed and awarded prizes at Soviet and



● Photo try-ouls in progress. ● Director Georgi Danellya shooting a new film 'The Gladlator',

A METAL FOR ARCTIC PROJECTS

A converter has completed at the Azovsial plant in Zhdanov, the Ukraine, capable of producdurable low-temperature

The vacuum formed in the steel pouring ladle instantly re-lieves the boiling metal of phos-

FROM the SOVIET PRESS

The bulk of growth in the coal output will be ob-

tained through the opencast method in the current five-year plan period, writes Arkady Lalayants, Vice-Chur-

man of the USSR State Planning Committee, in PRAV-

DA. Strip-mining should yield 316 million tunnes of

ment. The production of coking couls will also tise.

coal in 1985, which means a 53 million lonnes incre-

The Ekibastus bastn, in Kuzakhstun, and Kansk-

Achinsk, in Siberia, will develop further ensuring more

than a 50 per cent increase in the overall growth of

the coal output. Labour productivity at these busine

will reach 900-1,000 tonnes a month per worker, which

for openeast mining in this country, Besides, the cost

and capital investment per tonne of added mine capaci-

ties are much lower in the Ekibostus and Konsk-

The paramount condition for the development of the

coul industry is the use of new mining equipment. The

capacities of manufacturers producing cutter-loaders

and other mining equipment are considerably expand-ing. Plants are being built and developed for the lutture

production of large single-bucket and rotary excuvators

and tip-up fortles for openeasi mining copuble of cur-

looked dull and base, the LESNAYA PROMYSHIEN-

NOST newspaper recalls. Now local laresters have

planted orchards and parks and this new "green ring" round Volgogiad reaches for 8,000 hectares, including

nearly lwice the limite of the average productivity

OPENCAST COAL MINING

Achinsk basins than elsewhere.

rying 75,120 and 180 tonnes of conf.

phorus, sulphur, fluorine and other impurities, raising its plas-ticity and reliability. The resulting pure steel that can stand the lowest temperatures is used for making large-diameter pipes for oil and gas pipelines in Siberia For the time being, building materials, fuels, foodstuffs, and in Siberia will be transported by

link the country's biggest town of gas workers with this station on the Trans-Siberian trunk-line

The new line is only 75 km long, yet in order to lay it five million cubic metres of earth have to be moved and more than 40 bridges and hydrotechnical facilitles are necessary in the

Round the Soviet Union

• UNITS NOW BEING PRO-DUCED BY THE DONETSK EN-GINEERING WORKS IN THE UKRAINE WILL SPEED UP THE CONSTRUCTION OF COLLIERIES. The new machines will facilitate drilling vertical shafts and then design cuts back on the time needed for their assembly.

AN ART GALLERY WAS OPENED AT SECONDARY SCHOOL No. 1 IN PENZA. A TOWN OF CENTRAL RUSSIA. II mainly consists of 62 paintings executed by the oldest local artist Alexel Postnov and they were presented to the school by

EVEN THE FOIL USED FOR WRAPPING SWEETS SEEMS LIKE "ARMOUR" COMPARED WITH A STRIP SEVERAL MICRONES THIN NOW BEING PRODUCED BY A NEW AUTOMATED COM-PLEX AT THE LENINGRAD STEEL-ROLLING MILL. This strip made of precision alloys will be used in the electronic industry.

A TRADITIONAL CHIL-DREN'S WEEK OF TECHNICAL HOBBIES WAS HELD DURING THE WINTER HOLIDAYS IN THE LITHUANIAN CAPITAL, VILNIUS, where young designers and inventors were in vited from all over the Soviet Union. The children met prominent scientists and showed their models of spaceships, planes, cars and lorries.

FORESTERS IN ARMENIA HAVE BEGUN TO PLANT PLANE TREES. Nearly a thousand saplings have been pro-vided by the staff of the Kafan forest nursery, which holds the country's only plane tree forest Spread over an area of 60 hec-tares through the Zangezur mountains and valleys, it contains nearly two thousand such trees. The foresters have set up a section in the forest, where six thousand plane tree saplings are grown specifically for selling purposes.

THE ROUTE TO THE TUNDRA

equipment needed in developing lhe major Urengol gas deposit road on ice, air and water. However, steel tracks are presently being laid on the railway between the station of Urengol and New Urengol, which will

The south cast of the European USSR needed special

400 hectares of orchards and 100 hectares of forest

attention. So local lovesters planted and nurtured trees. establishing over 50 bectares, planted with selected trees, with improved hereditary properties, including on one side of the Sun. This hypothesis about horniying cataciysms for 1932

ocacla, elm and other arbors. Every year another 400 hectares of orchards and initialed several debating sessions. What will this parkland are added. "parade of planets" bring in reality to the Earth?

THE RECIPE FOR LIFE

planted on terraces.

What is the busis for the art of living a fruithij and upright life, both physically and psychologically? This tion is unswered in the newspaper KOMSOMOL-SKAYA PRAYDA by the psychotherapist A. Alexeyev who says that this art should be based on the ability to understand, respect and strengthen the state of

From time immemorial, people believed in the saying that "a sound mind means a sound body". Today there are so many possibilities opened for physical training that only those who are really lazy do not take the opportunity. They are making a terrible mistake, Exercise is not only healthy, wording oil many diseases, but it also serves as a channel for relieving physical and nervous tension. The excercised muscles act as a soil of lightning rod, which removes the negative emotions freeing a person from the threat of nervous and psychic stress. Regular exercise is one of the best ways to uttain internal freedom and spontaneity,

WHAT BRINGS THE 'PARADE' FORESTS IN THE YOLGA STEPPES. OF PLANETS' The area outside of Volgograd along the Volgo River

1982 is a year of natural holocousts. Earth will be hit by earthquakes, devastated by floods, droughts will be replaced by raging waters and severe (rosts will give way to sharp thaws. This was the sort of natural.

 $\{(M_1,M_2,\dots,M_n)\}$

phenomena, which the American "Newsweek" inggnzing omised its readers eight years ago. It expressed this supposition in connection with the fact that a rare tronomical phenomenon will take place this year. The planets of the solar system will be arranged in a line

Replying to this question in SOVIETSKAYA KULTURA Prof. N. Marov, D.Sc. (Physics and Mathematics) from the Institute of Applied Mathematics of the USSR Academy of Sciences, writes: A lew years ago Soviet scientists conducted a detailed nalysis which revealed that all the nine planets will be placed in a large sector. This sector will gradually reduce in size, reaching the minimum on March 10. Even then it will only be equal to 95 degrees. After

that the planets will begin to "disperso". Thereto: they won't form one straight line passing through the centre of the Sun. It has been calculated that the total mass of all planets,

including their satellites, constitutes only soveral thousandth tractions of the Sun mass. Then if we are to apeak about the tidal effect from the influence exerted by the planets on the Sun, it will be equal approximately one millimetre. This is so insignificant that it would be ingotreet to suppose that this influence will cause. the appearance of an unprecedented number of spois and flates on the Sun. This "parade of planets" takes place once every 179 years which means that the preceding one was in 1803.

As lar as I know, Prof. M. Marov states, historic information does not mention any particular deviations affecting this year. Of course, at that time science was not as advanced as it is today and no special observaifons were made. I think that the "parade of planeis" should be regarded simply as an interesting astronomidal : phenomenon.

CERAMICS

The Shrosha village in the Zestafoul District has become the tenth pottery centre in Georgia. By ancient formulas local craftsmen create clay vessels for heat-resistant storing wine, frying-pans called kelsi, pots for the national meal, lobio, and other utensils.

BY ANCIENT

FORMULAS

The Shrosha ceramics has since ancient times been popular in Georgia and beyond. These articles adorn the collections of many cities in the country.

HOME NEWS

Petrovsky **Prichal**

This is the name given to a new tourist centre in Rostov on the left bank of the Don River. The name was chosen deliberately, as the architecture was designed in the style of an old fortress. Scientists claim this site was used by Tsar Peter the Great as a camp during his Avov military campaign, when he led his troops delivering the town of Azov from the Torks, Pussion troikas, the resting grounds "Fostrishche" and "Bostion", cottages bulk like traditional Cossack homes, a bar called "Frigate", a replica of a sailer of the time of the Azov campaign, simply everything reminds the visitor of the legendary epoch when "Russia was young".

The river, quietly flowing, preserves the tales of those remote

days. Restoration in this region is under way in the Starocher kasskaya village called "stanitsa" the whole forms an open-air museum. Another open-air mu-seum, a historical and architectural one, is being established in Taganrog, a town on the shores of the Sea of Azov.

Materials retelling the history of the Cossacks are found in different museums. Every year some six million tourists come to the Don area, altracted by its pecullar flavour. In the current 11th five-year plan (1981-85) the number of tourists is expected to grow by 50 per cent.

Tourists will be able to sail on board Cossack "struge" as far as Volgodonsk. They will then travel in cars from the Don to the Caucasian spas (Kislovodsk, Yessentuki, Pyatigorsk, Zheleznovodsk) resting in Cos-sack "kurens". Boats will run on the Sea of Azov and the Black

Places to visit

sent by the Doll Muscum of the Georgian Republican Young Ploneer Palace.

Kakhetia, in Georgia, lamous for its toy-making, including the manufacture of dolls. Ancieni dolla were even discovered here by archaeologists who excavaled the primitive selliemenis oi the arca.

The numerous dolls and other toys collected by the expedition will form part of the museum's exhibits. The museum contains thousands of marvellous fiems, including 1,500 key-wound toys and dolls from many foreign countries.

Science and technology

SUBSOIL WATER WARNS OF EARTHQUAKES

The creation of a major geo logical-geophysical to-ting ground for forecasting earthquakes has been completed in the seismic ally active zone of Ashkhabad. The last project of the hydro-chemical taboratory complex opened in the footbills of Kopetday, south of the Turkme-

hs stail members are to develop a methodology tor evaluating the magnitude of underground tremots. Work is being planned to determine the epicentres of the quakes depending on the heating of subsort water, and the various gases con-tained in the subsoil. The equipment will also register rises in the underground water level of the wells, which will serve as teliable source, warping of appreaching earthquakes.

CORAL HUNTING IN THE EARTH'S DEPTHS

To find corats one does in a have to search the oceans. White computing a geological map, the Influence spentists asserted tood columns at a depth of several landred metres.

The combined of the expension to had bused demonstrates of sale Soul Tools I so said of coor died ches for handreds of labourate from the south to the union of Lithmania. I der ones are turtcontrated near the border with Latvid, But the youngest 10042 "only" about 200 million years old, encircle the Battic seaside area. Palacontulogists established that this area formed a sea hottom three times.

Geologists suggest that deposits should be put to good

A NEWLY DISCOYERED MINERAL

Loningrad researchers have discovered a previously known compound, formed of vanadium and thanium in the Kyzyikum Desert of Central Asia, which they named kyzyi-kumit. The mineral was officially entered into a special catalogue under its new title and offers many possibilities for in-

concert hall at the museum.

VIEWPOINT

WHAT IS OFFERED GRADUATES

Konstantin RAZIN

At the moment, students mo gelling examinations at Soviet nstitutes and universities, displaying the knowledge attained the flist term of the academic year. For million students these nearly a graduation exams Those who succeed will soon start working at enterprises, offices, research institutions and educational establishments. Every graduate is officied a mitine. They will all find deshed employment, as there has been momployment in this cour o for dity years.

Graduates know in advance where they will work, how much they will earn, and the henell, onesed to beginner spechillsts. They know, for 8 dance, that the management annot disubs. Then during the Bid three years. The management must also pay travelling expenses to the places of new employment and provide hous-

A graduate attains a joi hrough career guidance which exists at every institute or university. This service receives requests for young specialisis rom various enterprises and of-Hees throughout the district, city, republic and country as a whole. Each graduate is invited for an interview, during which several jobs are offered and th terms of employment are taid out. Often enterprises send their representatives to the in stitutes for personal interviews with undergraduales.

At many institutes and un versities the students already know where they will be employed, Priority in employment is given to the basic branches of the economy. The graduales receive many offers from enler-prises and offices in Siberis, the Far East, Kazakhstan and Central Asia where large-scale construction has been advanc-ing over the past few decades. At present there are 5.2 ml llon sludenis underlaking high er education at 683 Soviet stilutes and universities. The students are being trained in 400 vocations for nearly thousand applications covering all branches of science and

technology. The scale of higher education is expanding and its structure improved. Over the past five years 30 new institutes and universities have f country, most of them in areas estiniensive productive forces development. These are the Kama Polytechnical Institute in Naberezhutya Cheiny, where a reajor indipr works his been puttis Another ne's hall-tute is the Braist industrial institute, set up in the mone of the Balkal Amur Raitway project, and new universities were established near like powerful hydroelectic power stallons on the Xanlesi and Angira rivers. These include Grodian University is Eveloruste Sukhumi University in Abstract end Naturally in Karakejnakia. development. These are the

At a wooden falry-fale-like town, built near a forest in Kost-

1000a, l'ather Frost, the Snow Maiden, fairy-laie characters and Jesters join the children in skiing, sled runs, and throw-

OF INTEREST

AN EXPEDITION

COLLECTING

AIMED AT DOLL

A scientific expedition has

returned to Tbilisi after touring

remote villages in Kakhetfa,

where it collected dolls. Mem-

bers of the expedition, comprised

of local lore students, teachers,

ariisis, and doil-makers, were



In the photos: A music automaton, "Apo with Gullar", 19th century, A slaff member demonstrate an ancient Estonian (shepherd)

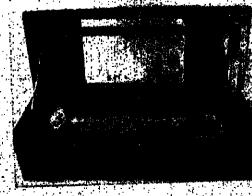
A 19th-century music box.

MUSEUM OF THEATRE AND MUSIC are regularly given in a small

ing figurines and Tallion is the Museum of Theaire and Music whose numerous xhibits include folk instruments, ancests
boxes and phonographs. Visitors are attracted by the collection of musical products shaped
in human and animal tord. Children and grown-ups alligh

All the exhibits are in good restored by members of the staff, Visitors can listen to ancient impsical instruments being played during concerts, which

This museum is popular not only with the people from Tel-linn, but size with numerous tourists visiting Estonia and from many foreign couptries.





MH INFORMATION No. 4, 1983.

The lights slowly dim and the orchestra strikes the first notes of Strauss' enchanting tunes, Vladimir Kandelaki, director of the new operatia, who also plays one of the leads, addresses the audience;

Dear friends! Tonight presents a great occasion for our company. You say that operation is always a grand occasion? But this is a very special occasion. since we are playing "The Gyp-sy Baron" by Johann Strauss, the twice crowned king of the waltz and the operatta, as he was known in Vienna, On this Danchenko Musical Theatre iti Moscow commences the ope-

"The Ciypsy Baron" is now almost a hundred years old. having its Viennese premiere back in 1805, and it's still going strong. In Russia the operation was first staged by the Alexandrinsky Emperor's Theatre in Petersburg (present-day Lenin-



gradi, in fact Johann Strauss himself conducted the performance. After the 1917 Revolution the operatta enjoyed its largest popularity in the 1922 production by the Maly Opera Theatre in Leningrad. The Nomtrovich-Danchenko Musical Theatre first played the operat-ta in 1942, which has reopened

now after nearly an 11-year in-

terval. -The heautiful opera voices of the soloists in the new production do justice to Strauss' brilliant tunes. The production also abounds in dancing scenes, which, apart from the cast proper, are performed by ballet company recruits.

THE HERMITAGE

Soviet TV screened the last in

a series of 25 films about Lenin-

grad's Hermitage. Housed in the

tions in art." In 1928 he was

sent to France and stayed there

until 1937, returning home in 1938. During World War II he taught in Contral Asia, in Sa-

markand, going back to the capital when the war ended.
There were difficult periods

in his life. as his work was

In his life, as his work was not understood. A true master must suffer hardslups, and his friend, live Ehrenburg, a writer, aptly said: "Only impostors walk smoothly in art."

Falk did not reject conventionably in his art, yet he revel turned away from people and humans feelings He was a fallet tout not of the photographic type. The application in Mostow leaves no doubts of the artist's sime and talent.

the artist's sime and talent.

interestingly enough as many as three casts make alternate presentations, giving the opportunity for theatre and classical operetta enthusiasts to decide upon the best performances.

> Igor KAZENIN Photo by Andrei Stepanov

Natalya Bessmertnova as Phrygia and Irek Mukhamedov as Spar-

His first big part

After winning the Grand Privat the Moscow International Bal-

let Competition, Irek Mukhamedov, 20, was invited to join the

Bolshol Ballat Company, Recently he made his debut there

dancing the lead in Khacha-turian's ballet "Spariacus" di-playing much daring and in-

spiration in his execution of high umps and dizzing pirouettes. He

is the youngest performer to

Next he will appear in one o the leads in the premiere of

Yuri Cirigorovich's new balls

Shostakovich's music.

"The Golden Age" set to Dmitry

dance this part.

Russian artist. The film deals with the creative work of the remarkable portrait-painter and his pupils.

Records. The new series of records now being produced by the All-Union Melodia record ing company includes a variety of musical compositions by the peoples of the USSR: from ancient folk melodies to the works of modern Soviet composers The anthology "Musical Follows Art of the USSR Peoples" includes more than 700 discs. This venture unprecedented both through artistic and scientific significance, will be completed In 1990.

FACTS

rov Opera and Ballet Theatre.

entitled "A. G. Venetslanov and His School" is being shown on the screens of Moscow cinemas to mark the 200th birth anniversary of the great

BUSINESS

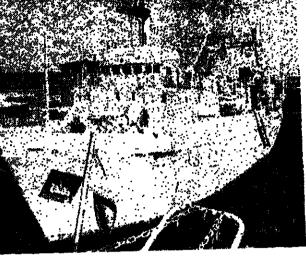
BRIGHT OUTLOOK ON A PLANNED BASIS

The USSR Foreign Trade Minister, N. Patolichev, and the Acting General Director of the Finlands Bank, A. Karjalainen, co-hairmen of the standing intergovernmental Soviet-Finnish commission on economic cooperation, recently met to discuss prospects for trade and economic cooperation between the two countries.

They stressed the possibilities to double, during 1981-85, the scale of joint projects in the USSR and Finland largely contributing to both countries' economies. The construction of the Kostomuksha benefication cominne and the Svetogorsk pulpand-paper combine will proceed as planned. The conferces also outlined prospects for Finnish participation in the modernizatories in the USSR, construction of a linge sea port in Tallinn, of a cargo terminal for the Shetemelyevo Airport in Moscow, and for the modernization of a

pulp-and-paper plant at Vyborg. They also discussed the further cooperation in industry and joint development of machines, equipment and transportation means, including nuclear icebreakers, pulp-and-paper equipment, multipurpose machines for the timber industry, and special freight rail

The commission agencies will present a detailed account of cooperation projects in chemistry, power engineering, the non-ferrous industry, the timber, pulp and paper and woodworking industries in order to increase the related reciprocal trade.



The Volkswerit shipyard in Strahlsund, GDR, has built the first of the hundred refrigerating traviers, ordered by the So-viet Union viet Union. The ships are of the "Atlantik-333" type and the date of completion in this prolect is due in 1985. These new traulers are furnished with modern equipment to catch, pro-cess and freeze fish. Unitko their predecessors, they can fish in off-shore shallows.

Contacts and contracts

The 8th session of the subcommission on scientific and technical cooperation of the standing intergovernmental Soviet-Viatnamese commission on economic, scientific and technical cooperation was hald in Moscow. The sides discussed cooperation in the current (Ive-year plan pe-riod (1981-1985) and for the future, as well as the fulfilment of signed agreements.

1982 had an auspicious beginning for the bus factory of lkerus in Hungary. Addressing the staff members, the factory general director, Toldi, said 90 per cent of this year's quote has already been filled. The Soviet Union remains the largest customer, buying 7,000 buses this

plonship. USSR v Denmark. 7 p.m.

Lenin Central Stadium, Smail

Sports Arens. 14 -- European

SPEED SKATING

Dynamo Aquatic Stadium (39

team championship. v Austria. 4 p.m.

Doctor Covalaux thesis

Soviet and French auto workers have been cooperating for many years. To illustrate this, Renault was involved in the modernization of the Soviet auto plant producing Moskvich cars, updating the Izhevsk car factory and building the giant KamAZ plant producing heavy trucks.

According to Pierre Louis Covaloux, member of the national economic association of France who represents Remail



in this country, the Soviet motor industry, was making great strides. He declared that when he first started working in the USSR and till the present day the amount of cars produced has increased several times. Renault is continually expanding its links with the USSR, Covaleux

PARTS FOR LADAS The Bakony factory of Hun-

The Bakony factory of Hungary has shipped to the Volzisky car works this year's first batch of distributors, ignition locks, windscreen wipers and horns, designed for Lada cars. Bakony is the largest supplier of the Volzhsky works. This year it will ship to its Soviet customers millions of spares and assemblies for electrical systems. Also a large-scale sup-Leningradskoye Highway). 15 — National championship in sprint events. Noon and 6 p.m. CYCLING Krylatakaye Cycling Track (Metro Molodyozhnaya). 12, 13, and 14 — Nationwide competition of racing cyclists from sports societies and clubs, All systems. Also a large-scale sup-piter is the Budapest MMG fac-

Hippodrome (22 Begovaya St), 13 and 15 - Racing and trotting. Both days at 6 p.m.

January 12-15

Mostly cloudy with occasional show and light bliszards in Moscow, city and region, Wind NW and W (7-12 m/sec). Night temperatures between —15° and —10°C (down to —15°C during clear spells), and between —15° and —10°C during the day.

and architectural monu-The Soviet Foreign Travel tural turies.

the cities of Vladimir and Suzdal, Other lacilities and services calering for foreign tourists were also expanded and the Moscow-

Vladimir-Suzdal highway impro-The Golden Ring illnerary covers routes through the Viadi-mir Region, which is famous both for the industry of its precision machine-tools and diesci locomotives, tractors and motorcycles, silk cloth and linen, and

MARINE BRIDGE CONNECTING THE USSR AND BULGARIA

The construction of the inter-national ferry service between llyichevak and Varna has been completed, linking the shores of the USSR and Bulgaris. The state commission has given the go shead for the third and last

The cargo conveyor which

VIA SOVIET RAIL!

IF YOU ARE GOING ON A JOURNEY,

WE SINCERELY ADVISE YOU TO TRAVEL

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SOVIET RAILWAY

The machine room will be not

People, who have visited the

site several times, noted the

emergence of new industries and

settlements; 250 thousand cubb-

month, and soil removal opera

metres of took are blasted every

out of the living rock to accom-

modate eight units of 240 mega-

TREMENTERS III METHODIST.

BLACK RIVER TO ROTATE TURBINES

The Soviet Union will assist in building South-East Asia's largest power project with a capacity of two million kilowatts. Now people and the necessary technology on the Da (Black) Piver.

Mountains of soil are now being moved to build a 70-metre wide construction channel, which is almost 1.5 km long.

When the river is turned into channel, the former bed will he ready for further construction operations, including a 600 m pasement necessary for the construction of the tuture dam.

tions have been doubled. Everything is underway to dam within a year the most powerful river in Vietnam. This is a complex and large-scale task, accomplished by Vietnamese and Soviet specialists involved in the

watta cach.

Intourist

FROM THE GOLDEN RING

ments from the 12th-17th cen-Agency, intourist, has created greater opportunities for globe troiters to lamiliarize themselves Paintings dating back to the 14th and 15th centuries, includwith the highlights of the Golden ing frescoes by Andrei Rublev, Ring itinerary, dealing with the heart of European Russic. A number of hotels, motels and were recently discovered in Viudimir's Russian Orthodox churches, richly decorated with anrestaurants, which can accomclent icons and wall pointings. modale several thousand holiday-The Suzdal Kremlin with its makers at a time, were built in

medieval structures and temples enjoys popularity with loreign tourists; it has been fully reslated to its original appearance. Several exhibitions were mounted in the Spassky Monastery. dealing extensively with Russian history and culture. One of them, the "Golden Pantry", tealures masierpieces of ancient Russian handicraitsmen. including decorations and articles made of precious stones and

The town of Gus-Kirustalny is famous for its rich collections of crystahware and lacquer mintatures.

A total of \$7 instarted athrontaphic and memorial museums

were opened in recent years of ancient architectural manaments in the Viadimit Region.

A 'Russian Season' for Paris

Georges Soria is the artistic director of the literary and art agency for cultural relations. He is one of the organizers of the Russian spring season, held in France by the Kirov Opera and Ballet Theatre from Leningrad. This "Russian Season" will continue for more than two and a

half months. "Their productions I saw during my recent visit," says Georgas Soria, "confirm the high repulation of the Kirov Company and their loyalty to the finest

Frankly speaking, I am not fond of abstract painting. Such works lead to a scheme, to ar-

bitrary perception, and to

traditions of the Russian classical ballet. The productions are easily recognizable by their specific charm, poetical atmosphere, and

of the season should consist of

and stable contacts with Soviet theatres and concert agencies, and regularly introduces the French public to the leading Soviet orchestras, ensembles, and

capes, the sights of Moscow

and its regions, and of Lenin-

grad, Central Asia, and the

Crimea. Other his works are from the French se-

ries and show Paris, Brelagne.

Falk was born in Moscow

and studied under the outstand-

ing painters: V, Seroy and

K. Korovin. He took part in

the famous "Bubnovy Valet" exhibitions at the beginning of the century, together with V. Tallin, M, Larronov, P. Pi-

casso, A. Derain, and P. Lager. Pollowing the 1917 October Revolution he worked for some

time at the People's Commissa-

rial for Education. "By that time," he pointed out, "I had

occurred more realistic posi-

and Corsica.

G. Soria thinks that the bulk The Paris agency holds long

inusical appreciation."

ormer tser palace on the Neva River, this grand museum con-

tains 2,700,000 cultural and artistic items, belonging to different epochs and peoples. Some 3,500,000 people visit annually its 350 halls. The museum frequently displays foreign art, and also exhibits abroad. Teams from the West Germany and Britain have also shot pictures of the museum.

An exhibition of works by Falk

and EVENTS

Opera. The premiere of Do-nizetti's opera "Vivat, Maestro!" took place in Kishinev, the capital of the Soviet republic of Moldavia. The Italian composer's little-known work originally named "The Boll" is rarely presented on the slage and was first performed in the Soviet Union by Leningrad's Ki-

Cinema. A recent documentary

WHAT'S ON

_THEATRES __

Kremiin Palace of Congresses (Kremin), 12—Concert by the State Siberian Dance Ensemble from Krasnoyarsk, Bolshol Thea-ite performances: 13—Prokofiev. "War and Peace" (opera), 15—Rimsky-Korsakov, "The Tsar's Bride" (opera).

Sq). 12-Mussorgsky, "Boris Godunov" (opera), 13—Khachatu-rian, "Spariacus" (ballet), 14— Prokofiev, "The Cambler" (opera). 15 - Khrennikov, "Love for Love" (ballet).

Stanislavsky and Nemirovich-Danchenko Musical Theatre (17 Pushkinskaya Si), 14—Millöcker, "Der Bettelstudent" (operatia), 15—Ichalkovsky, "Swan Lake"

The light of the l

Investigations into criminal activities by the well-known detective Hercule Poirot, the main hero from Agatha Christle's novel "Death on the Nile".

Veshnyakovskaya St). Metro Lady's Darice (Odesskaya Film)

Cinema: "Entuziast"

in the 20s.

Cinemat "Odessa" (2) Kakhov
ka St). Mejro Kakhovakaya. Tro leybuses 72, 60.

CONCERT HALLS

Central Concert Hell [1 Most kvoretskaya Embankment, at the Rossiya Hotell, 12, 13, 14, 15 "My Gold Moscow" a variety performance, leaturidg popular variety actors, Verasy pop group and Alexandrov Soviet Army Song and Dance Ensemble.

Verlety Theatre (20/2 Bersen; evakaya Embankment), 12, 15

evskaya Embankment). 12, 15.

The Obvious but Incredible. performance starring Gannady Khazanov and ladles' dance en

January 12-15

atal Journey (a two-part pro-duction dimed in Sittain).

_ EXHIBITIONS _ Exhibition Hall. Central Army

Club (2 Kommuny Sq). About 200 paintings and drawings by arists of the Grekov War-Artists Studio. The display features rural Moscow, the old Russian towns Pskov, Suzdal, Vologda landscapes, and works executed during visits abroad. Daily, ex-cept Monday, from 4 p.m. to 9 p.m. Metro Novoslohodskaya.

Timiryazev Biology Museum
(15 Malaya Gruzinskaya St).
Over 50 species of singing and
colourful birds from V. Antonov's private collection are on display. Daily, except Monday, from 11 a.m. to 6 p.m. On Weinesday and Friday, noon to 8 p.m. Metro Ulitsa 1905 Gods

_SPORTS _

FOOTBALL

Central Army Club, Sports Complex (39 Leningradsky Prospekt), 12 and 14 — Valentin Granatkin Memorial Both days at 2 p.m., 4.30 p.m. and 7 p.m. Junior teams from Bulga-rin, Brazil, Italy, the PRG and the Soviet Union are compeling for the V. Gra-nstkin Memorial Frize.

TABLE TENNIS Lenin Central Stadium, Druzhba Gym. 13 - European cham-

days at 5 p.m. RACING

WEATHER

ing the day.

slage in the complex. When it is put into operation, the capacity of the farry service will double.

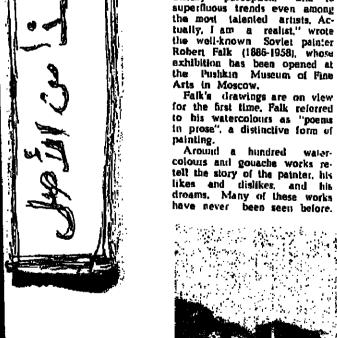
began to operate three years

ago has created the possibilities age hub created the possibilities of trade between the two countries, and would prove highly economical. At present, new bette, cauge sites, reliway lines and another hydraulic hopting bridge providing rail links for shipping are being constructed. Now two ships carrying rallway carriages can weigh anchor along the 210-

in the Viadimis Region.

Jean Hodmicker, Professor of the Canadion Academy of Arts, who recently toured the cities along the Cipiden filing cours, praised tha little cary's highlights. He emphasized that happitality is combined with the brilliance of the museums and the wonderful ancient monuments in Viadimir and Buzdal.





强烈,徐兴